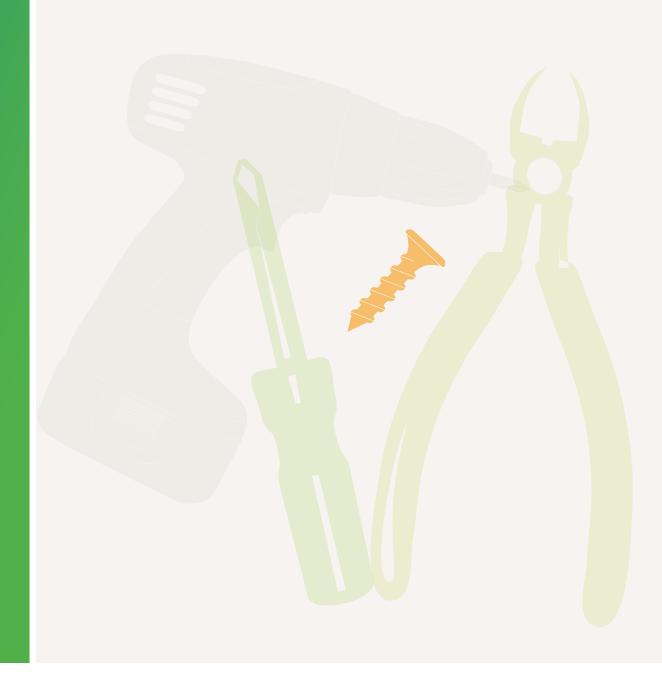
JinkoSolar Photovoltaic Module



User Manual (UL1703) 1500V





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1. General Information

1.1 Overview

Thanks for choosing Jinko Solar PV modules. In order to ensure the PV modules are installed correctly, please read the following installation instructions carefully before modules are installed and used.

Please remember that these products generate electricity and certain safety measures need to be taken to avoid danger.

1.2 Applicable Products

This document is applicable to the series of solar modules as listed below: UL1500V ·

JL1500V:			
	Gr	oup 1	
JKMxxxP-72-V [®]	JKMxxxPP-72-V [®] JKMxxxPP-72-V(Plus) [®]		JKMxxxPP-72-WV®
JKMxxxPP-72B-V			
(xxx=250~360,in in	crement of 5)		•
	Gr	oup 2	
JKMxxxPP-72H-V®	JKMxxxPP-72H-J4V®	JKMxxxPP-72HB-V	
(xxx=250~370,in in	crement of 5)		•
	Gr	oup 3	
JKMxxxP-60-V	JKMxxxPP-60-V	JKMxxxPP-60-V(Plus)	JKMxxxPP-60-WV
JKMxxxPP-60B-V			
(xxx=200~300,in in	crement of 5)		
	Gr	oup 4	
JKMxxxPP-60H-V	JKMxxxPP-60H-J4V	JKMxxxPP-60HB-V	
(xxx=200~310,in in	crement of 5)		
	Gr	oup 5	
JKMxxxM-72-V	JKMxxxM-72-WV	JKMxxxM-72B-V	
(xxx=250~400,in in	crement of 5)		
JKMxxxM-72L [®] -V			
(xxx=370~400,in in	crement of 5)		
	Gr	oup 6	
JKMxxxM-72H-V	JKMxxxM-72HB-V		
(xxx=250~410,in in	crement of 5)		
JKMxxxM-72HL-V			
(xxx=370~410,in in	crement of 5)		
	Gr	oup 7	
JKMxxxM-60-V	JKMxxxM-60-WV	JKMxxxM-60B-V	



(xxx=200~330,in increment of 5)

JKMxxxM-60L-V	JKMxxxM-60BL-V		
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(xxx=300~330,in increment of 5)

Group 8

JKMxxxM-60H-V	JKMxxxM-60HB-V				
(xxx=200~340,in increment of 5)					
JKMxxxM-60HL-V JKMxxxM-60HBL-V					

(xxx=300~340,in increment of 5)

Notes: (1) V: Module with 1500V

② PP: the eagle series module

(3) Plus: the eagle+ series module

(4) W: module with metal support bar

(5) H: Half-cut series module

(6) J4: the eagle black Series module

(7) L: large cell series module

Make sure the module array is designed in such a way not to exceed the maximum system voltage of any system component such as connectors or inverters.

This module has a Class C Fire Rating(Canada)or Module Fire performance type 1 (United States of America) and must be installed over a roof which has appropriate fire resistance. Before mounting the module, please consult your local building department to determine approved roofing materials.

The modules are qualified for application class A, and modules qualified for safety through UL1703 within this application class are considered to meet the requirements of Safety Class II.

The Fire rating is Class C in Canada, but the Module Fire performance is type 1 in America with the specified construction in below table, when used with a listed mounting system that has been rated as a Class A System when installed with type 1 modules, is suitable to maintain the System Class A Fire Rating in America.

Module model	Specific construction	Marking
Group 1~ Group 8	Superstrate: 3.2~4.0 mm thick; EVA: 0.25~0.65 mm thick;	Module Fire Performance:
	Substrate: 0.3015 mm ~ 0.451 mm thick; Frame: Types "40mm by 20mm" or "40mm by 35mm"	Type 1

1.3 Warnings

 PV modules generate DC electrical energy when exposed to sunlight or other light sources. Active parts of module such as terminals can result in burns, sparks and lethal shock.





- Artificially concentrated sunlight shall not be directed on the module or panel.
- Front protective glass is utilized on the module. Broken solar module glass is an electrical safety hazard (may cause electric shock or fire). These modules cannot be repaired and should be replaced immediately.



- Electric Shock and Burn Hazard
- ◆ This photovoltaic module produces electricity when exposed to the sun
- To reduce the risk of electrical shocks or burns, modules may be covered with an opaque material during installation to avoid injury.
- The fire rating of this module is valid only when mounted in the manner specified in the mechanical mounting instructions.
- The module is considered to be in compliance with UL 1703 only when the module is mounted in the manner specified by the mounting instructions below. The fixation with bolts and/or the fixation with clamps at long side of frames of Jinko modules have been UL approved. The fixation with clamps at short side of frames and/or at the long & short sides of frames of Jinko modules have not been UL approved.
- All installations must be performed in compliance with the National Electrical Code (NEC) and modules installed in Canada need to follow Canadian Electric Code.
- A module with exposed conductive parts is considered to be in compliance with UL 1703 only when it is electrically grounded in accordance with the instructions presented below and the requirements of the National Electrical Code.
- Any module without a frame (laminate) shall not be considered to comply with the requirements of UL 1703 unless the module is mounted with hardware that has been tested and evaluated with the module under this standard or by a field Inspection certifying that the installed module complies with the requirements of UL 1703.
- The installation work of the PV array can only be done under the protection of sun-sheltering covers or sunshades and only qualified person can install or perform maintenance work on this module.
- Follow the battery manufacture's recommendations, if batteries are used with modules.
- Do not use this module to replace or partly replace roofs and walls of living buildings.
- Do not install modules where flammable gas may be present.
- Do not touch live terminals with bare hands. Use insulated tools for electrical connections.





Use insulated tools for electrical connection

- Do not remove any part installed by Jinko Solar or disassemble the module.
- All instructions should be read and understood before attempting to install, wire, operate and maintain the module.
- Don't lift up PV modules using the attached cables or the junction box.
- All PV systems must be grounded to earth. If there is no special regulation, please follow the National Electrical Code or other national code.
- Common hardware items such as nuts, bolts, star washers, lock washers and the like have not been evaluated for electrical conductivity or for use as grounding devices and should be used only for maintaining mechanical connections and holding electrical grounding devices in the proper position for electrical conductivity. Such devices, where supplied with the module and evaluated through the requirements in UL 1703, may be used for grounding connections in accordance with the instructions provided with the module.
- Under normal conditions, a photovoltaic module is likely to experience conditions that produce more current and/or voltage than reported at standard test conditions. The requirements of the National Electrical Code (NEC) in Article 690 shall be followed to address these increased outputs. In installations, not under the requirements of the NEC, the value of Isc and Voc marked on the module should be multiplied by a factor of 1.25 when determining component voltage ratings, conductor ampacities, overcurrent device ratings, and size of controls connected to the PV output.
- Once the PV module has been shipped to the installation site, all of the parts should be unpacked properly with care.
- Do not stand or step on the PV module like below pictures show. This is prohibited and there is a risk of damage to the module and cause injury for you.





- Only PV modules with the same cell size should be connected in series.
- During transporting modules, please attempt to minimize shock or vibration to the module, as this may damage the module or lead to cell micro cracks.



- During all transportation situations, never drop the module from a vehicle, house or hands. This will damage the module.
- Do not clean the glass with chemicals. Only use tap water. Make sure the module surface temperature is cool to the touch. Cleaning modules with cool water when module surface temp is high may result in glass breakage.
- Do not disconnect any of the modules when under load.
- The recommended standoff height is 15cm. If other mounting means are employed this may affect the UL Listing.
- When looking at PV modules with anti-reflection (AR) coating technology, it will be normal
 to see some cells with a slight color difference at different angles.
- Connector of junction box can not be contacted with oily substances, for example, lubricant, rust inhibitor etc.

2. Installation

2.1 Installation safety

- Always wear protective head gear, insulating gloves and safety shoes (with rubber soles).
- Keep the PV module packed in the carton until installation.
- Do not touch the PV module unnecessarily during installation. The glass surface and the frame may be hot. There is a risk of burns and electric shock.
- Do not work in rain, snow or windy conditions.
- Due to the risk of electrical shock, do not perform any work if the terminals of the PV module are wet.
- Use insulated tools and do not use wet tools.
- When installing PV modules, do not drop any objects (e.g., PV modules or tools).
- Make sure flammable gasses are not generated or present near the installation site.
- The modules are equipped with PV wiring connectors that comply with UL 6703, Standard for Connectors for use in Photovoltaic Systems. Connectors from other manufactures should not be mated with each other connectors:

Connector model name	Allowable mating connector model name	
PV-JK03M-2	PV-JK03M-2	
PV-JK03M-F/2B	PV-JK03M-M/2B	
PV-KBT4-EVO2/6II-UR	PV-KST4-EVO2/6II-UR	

- Insert module connectors fully and correctly. An audible "click" sound should be heard.
 This sounds confirms the connectors are fully seated. Check all connections.
- The module leads should be securely fastened to the module frame. Wire Management should be done in a way to avoid the connector from scratching or impacting the back sheet of the module.



- Do not touch the junction box and the end of the interconnect cables (connectors) with bare hands during installation or under sunlight, regardless if the PV module is connected to or disconnect from the system.
- Do not expose the PV module to excessive loads on the surface of the PV module or twist the frame.
- Do not hit or put excessive load on the glass or back sheet, this may break the cells or cause micro cracks.
- During installation or operation, don't use sharp tools to wipe the back sheet and glass. Scratches can appear on the module.
- Do not drill holes in the frame, it may cause corrosion of the frame and void the warranty.
- When installing modules on roof mounted structures, please try to follow the "from top to bottom" and/or "from left to right" principle, and don't step on the module. This will damage the module and would be dangerous for personal safety and roof mounting applications the assembly is to be mounted over a fire resistant roof covering rated for the application.
- All PV systems must be grounded to earth (Refer to 3."Wiring and connection" for specific grounded).

2.2 Installation Condition

2.2.1 Climate condition

Please install the modules in the following conditions:

- a) Operating temperature: within -40°C(-40° F) to 85°C (185° F).
- b) Humidity: < 85RH%.
- * Note: The mechanical load bearing (include wind and snow loads) of the module is based on the mounting methods. The professional system installer must be responsible for mechanical load calculation according to the system design.

2.2.2 Site selection

In most applications, Jinko Solar PV modules should be installed in a location where they will receive maximum sunlight throughout the year. In the Northern Hemisphere, the module should typically face south, and in the Southern Hemisphere, the modules should typically face north. Modules facing 30 degrees away from true South (or North) will lose approximately 10 to 15 percent of their power output. If the module faces 60 degrees away from true South (or North), the power loss will be 20 to 30 percent.

When choosing a site, avoid trees, buildings or obstructions, which could cast shadows on the solar photovoltaic modules especially during the winter months when the arc of the sun is lowest over the horizon. Shading causes loss of output, even though the factory fitted bypass diodes of the PV module will minimize any such loss.

Do not install the PV module near open flame or flammable materials.



When solar modules are used to charge batteries, the battery must be installed in a manner, which will protect the performance of the system and the safety of its users. Follow the battery manufacturer's guidelines concerning installation, operation and maintenance recommendations. In general, the battery (or battery bank) should be away from the main flow of people and animal traffic. Select a battery site that is protected from sunlight, rain, snow, debris, and is well ventilated. Most batteries generate hydrogen gas when charging, which can be explosive. Do not light matches or create sparks near the battery bank. When a battery is installed outdoors, it should be placed in an insulated and ventilated battery case specifically designed for the purpose.

Do not install the PV module in a location where it would be immersed in water or continually exposed to water from a sprinkler or fountain etc.

2.2.3 Tilt angle selection

The tilt angle of the PV module is measured between the surface of the PV module and a horizontal ground surface (Figure 1). The PV module generates maximum output power when it faces the sun directly.

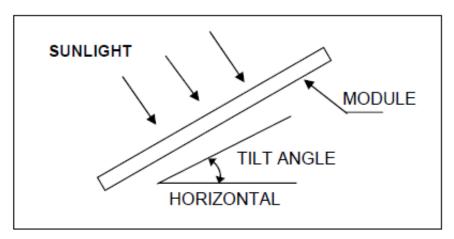


Figure 1: PV module title angle

For standalone systems with batteries where the PV modules are attached to a permanent structure, the tilt angle of the PV modules should be selected to optimize the performance based on seasonal load and sunlight. In general, if the PV output is adequate when irradiance is low (e.g., winter), then the angle chosen should be adequate during the rest of the year. For grid-connected installations where the PV modules are attached to a permanent structure, PV modules should be tilted so that the energy production from the PV modules will be maximized on an annual basis.

Only for UL listed products. The System Fire Class Rating of the module or panel in a mounting system in combination with a roof covering complete with requirements to achieve the specified System Fire Class Rating for a non-BIPV module or panel.

Any module or panel mounting system limitations on inclination required to maintain a specific System Fire Class Rating.



2.3 Mechanical Installation introduction

Solar PV modules usually can be mounted by using the following methods: bolts and clamps.

* Note:

- (1) All installation methods herein are only for reference, and Jinko Solar will not provide related mounting components, the system installer or trained professional personnel must be responsible for the PV system's design, installation, and mechanical load calculation and security of the system.
- (2) Before installation, the following items should be addressed:
 - 1) Visually check the module for any damage. Clean the module if any dirt or residue remains from shipping.
 - 2) Check if module serial number stickers match.
 - 3) The minimum distance between modules should be more than 10mm for all installation methods.
- (3) The fixation with bolts and/or the fixation with clamps at long side of frames of Jinko modules are designed to meet a maximum positive (or downward) pressure of 3600Pa and negative (or upward) pressure of 1600Pa. The fixation with clamps at short side of frames and/or at the long & short sides of frames of Jinko modules are designed to meet a positive (or downward) pressure and negative (or upward) pressure of 1600Pa. When mounting modules in snow-prone or high-wind environments, special care should be taken to mount the modules in a manner that provides sufficient design strength while meeting local code requirements.
- (4) Where common grounding hardware (nuts, bolts, star washers, spilt-ring lock washers, flat washers and the like) is used to attach a listed grounding/bonding device, the attachment must be made in conformance with the grounding device manufacturer's instructions.
- (5) Common hardware items such as nuts, bolts, star washers, lock washers and the like have not been evaluated for electrical conductivity or for use as grounding devices and should be used only for maintaining mechanical connections and holding electrical grounding devices in the proper position for electrical conductivity. Such devices, where supplied with the module and evaluated through the requirements in UL 1703, may be used for grounding connections in accordance with the instructions provided with the module.
- (6) The use of third party grounding device is not allowed unless the grounding device is UL2703 certified with Jinko modules. The installation of that grounding hardware must follow the grounding manufacture's installation manual.
- (7) The clearance between the module and the roof deck should be a minimum of 15mm (6 inches).



2.3.1 Fixation with bolts

The frame of each module has 8 mounting holes (Length* Width: 14mm*9mm) used to secure the modules to support structure. You can use the four symmetry holes close to the inner side on module frame. If excessive wind or snow load are expected, you must use all the eight mounting holes. The module frame must be attached to a mounting rail using M8 corrosion-proof bolts together with spring washers and flat washers in eight symmetrical locations on the PV module. The applied torque value should be big enough to fix the modules steadily. The reference value for M8 bolt is 16~20N*m. As to special support system or special installation requirement, please reconfirm with the support's supplier for the torque value. Please find detailed mounting information in the below illustration.

The following is M8 stainless steel mounting hardware.

*N. The installation instructions shall specify that the modules have been evaluated by UL for bolting mounting method using the 8provided mounting holes in the frame with a torque of 16~20Nm. The following M8 stainless steel mounting hardware should be included in the installation instructions:

For eight 14x9 holes, mounting hardware are shown as below:

Module	N	tion		
Module	Hardware	Material	Size	Number provided
Craun	Bolt	Stainless steel	M8	4
Group 1~Group 8	Spring washer	Stainless steel	M8	8
	Nut	Stainless steel	M8	4

^{*}Alternate Mounting Method – bolting mounting method using the 12provided mounting holes in the frame with a torque of 16~20Nm. The following stainless steel mounting hardware should be included in the installation instructions

For eight 14x9 holes, mounting hardware are shown as below:

_						
	Madula	Mounting hardware configuration				
Module		Hardware	Material	Size	Number provided	
	Craun	Bolt	Stainless steel	M8	4	
	Group 1~Group 8	Spring washer	Stainless steel	M8	8	
		Nut	Stainless steel	M8	4	

For four 10x7 holes, mounting hardware are shown as below:

Module	Mounting hardware configuration				
iviodule	Hardware	Material	Size	Number provided	
0.42.142	Bolt	Stainless steel	M6	4	
Group 1~Group 8	Spring washer	Stainless steel	M6	8	
1~Gloup 6	Nut	Stainless steel	M6	4	



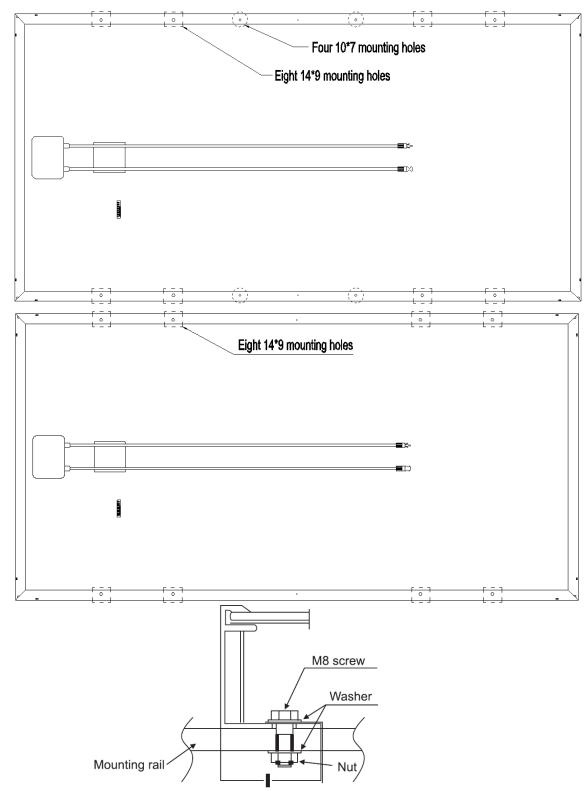


Figure 2 above: Normal PV module installed with Bolt fitting method



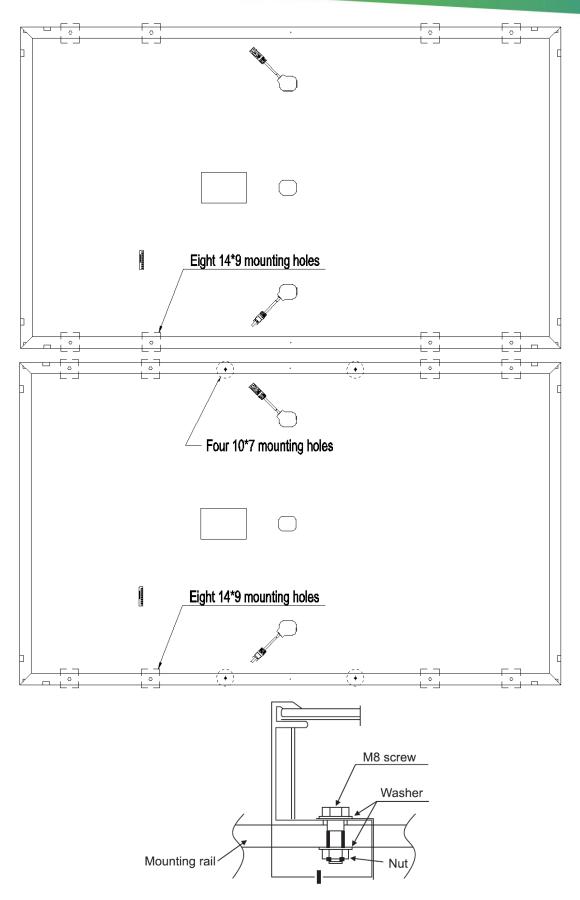


Figure 3 above: Half-cut PV module installed with Bolt fitting method



2.3.2 Fixation with clamps

The applicable products only allow using clamps at long side of frames.

The module clamps should not come into contact with the front glass and must not deform the frame. Be sure to avoid shadowing effects from the module clamps. The module frame is not to be modified under any circumstances. When choosing this type of clamp-mounting method, please be sure to use at least four clamps on each module, two clamps should be attached on each long side of the module. The applied torque value should be big enough to fix the modules steadily (Please consult with the clamp or support's supplier for the specific torque value). Please find detailed mounting information in the below illustration, the mounting place distance is suggested bigger than J and less than K, as showed below.

1)Normal PV module

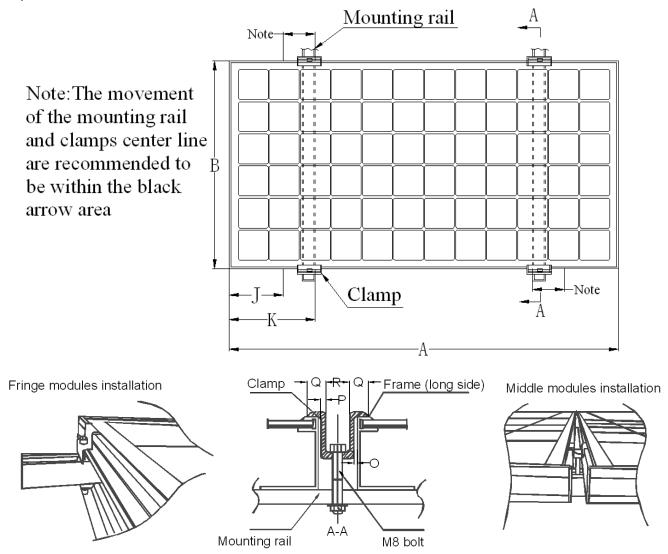
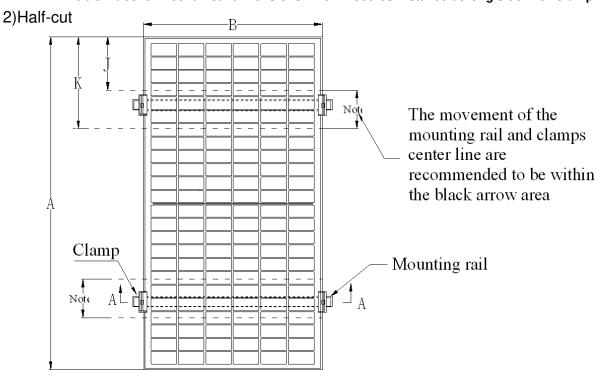


Figure 4 above: PV module installed at long side with Clamp fitting method



Modulo typo	Call type	Call guantity	Dimension(mm)		
Module type	Cell type Cell quantity	A*B	J	K	
Group 1	Poly	6*12	1956*992 & 1979*1002	400	480
Group 3	Poly	6*10	1650*992 & 1665*1002	400	420
Group 5	Mono	6*12	1956*992 & 1979*1002	400	480
Group 7	Mono	6*10	1650*992 & 1665*1002	400	420

Table 1 above: Mechanical dimensions when modules installed at long side with Clamp



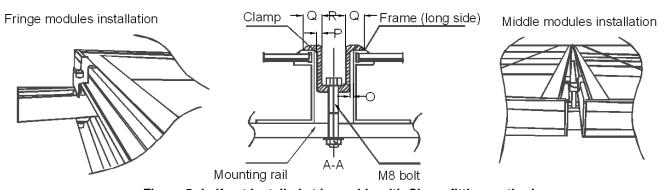


Figure 5: half-cut installed at long side with Clamp fitting method

Modulo typo	Call type Call guartity		Dimension(mm)			
Module type	Cell type	Cell quantity	A*B	J	K	
Group 2	6 inch Poly	6*24	1987*992 & 2000*992 & 2008*1002	400	480	
Group 6	6 inch Mono	6*24	1987*992 & 2000*992 & 2008*1002	400	480	
Group 4	6 inch Poly	6*20	1665*992 & 1684*1002	400	420	
Group 8	6 inch Mono	6*20	1665*992 & 1684*1002	400	420	

Table 2 above: Mechanical dimensions when modules installed at long side with Clamp



Clamp type	Dimension	Composition material
Fringe Clamp(40 mm thickness)	39 x 50 x 42 mm	
Fringe Clamp(35 mm thickness)	41.5 x 50 x 40 mm	Aluminum-alloy
Middle Clamp	42 x 50 x 28 mm	

Table 3 above: The specification & material of clamp

Clamp type		Dimension(mm)								
Ciamp type	Q	0	R	Р						
Middle Clamp	13.5	0.5~2	15	2.5						

Table 4 above: Mechanical dimensions when modules installed with mid Clamp

2.3.3 Fixation with clamps at short sides of the frames (this method has not been UL 1703 certified)

When installing modules using clamps on the short side of the frame, the products in Table 5 & 6 the clamp in Table 3 & 4 are applicable. The fixation with clamps at short sides of the frames can't be used unless the fixation is UL certified with Jinko modules.

The considerations and requirements for mounting with clamps, please refer to the instructions in 2.3.2, and find detailed mounting information in the below Figure 6 & 7. The mounting place distance is suggested bigger than J and less than K, as shown below.

1)Normal PV module

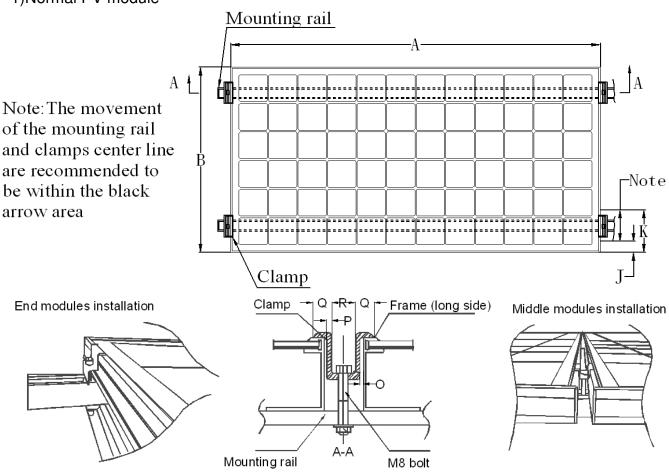




Figure 6 above: PV module installed at short side with Clamp fitting method

Madula typa	Call type	Cell	Dimension(mm)							
Module type	Cell type	quantity	A*B	J	K	Frame				
Group 1	6 inch Poly	6*12	1956*992 & 1979*1002	50	240	40*35 & 35*35				
Group 5	6 inch Mono	6*12	1956*992 & 1979*1002	50	240	40*35 & 35*35				
Group 3	6 inch Poly	6*10	1650*992 & 1665*1002	50	240	40*35				
Group 7	6 inch Mono	6*10	1650*992 &1665*1002	50	240	40*35				

Table 5 above: Mechanical dimensions when modules installed at short side with Clamp fitting method 2)Half-cut

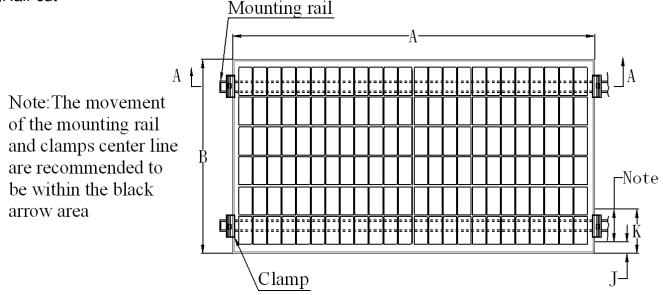


Figure 7 above: PV module installed at short side with Clamp fitting method

Module	Call type	Cell	Dimension	(mm)				
type	Cell type quantity		A*B	7	K	Frame		
Group 2	6 inch Poly	6*24	1987*992 & 2000*992 & 2008*1002	50	240	40*35 & 35*35		
Group 4	6 inch Poly	6*20	1665*992 & 1684*1002	50	240	40*35 & 35*35		
Group 6	6 inch Mono	6*24	1987*992 & 2000*992 & 2008*1002	50	240	40*35		
Group 8	6 inch Mono	6*20	1665*992 & 1684*1002	50	240	40*35		

Table 6 above: Mechanical dimensions when modules installed at short side with Clamp fitting method

2.3.4 Fixation with clamps at the long & short sides (this method has not been UL 1703 certified)

When installing modules using clamps on the long side & short side of the frame, the products in Table 7 & 8 the clamp in Table 3 & 4 are applicable. The fixation with clamps at long & short sides of the frames can't be used unless the fixation is UL certified with Jinko modules.

The considerations and requirements for mounting with clamps, please refer to the instructions in 2.3.2, and find detailed mounting information in the below illustration as Figure



8 & 9. The mounting place distance is suggested bigger than J and less than K for short sides, bigger than M and less than N for long sides, as shown below.

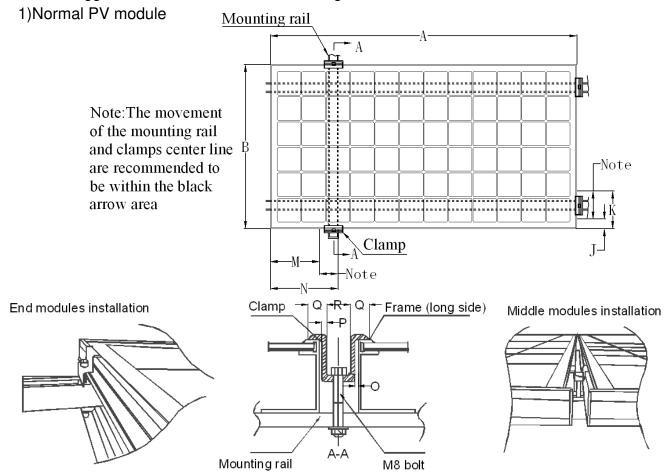


Figure 8: PV module installed at long and short side with Clamp fitting method

Module	Call type	Cell	Dimension(mm)									
type	type Cell type quantity		A*B	J	K			Frame				
Group 1	6 inch Poly	6*12	1956*992 & 1979*1002	50	240	400	480	40*35 & 35*35				
Group 5	6 inch Mono	6*12	1956*992 & 1979*1002	50	240	400	420	40*35 & 35*35				
Group 3	6 inch Poly	6*10	1650*992 & 1665*1002	50	240	400	480	40*35				
Group 7	6 inch Mono	6*10	1650*992 & 1665*1002	50	240	400	420	40*35				

Table 7: Mechanical dimensions when modules installed at long and short sides with Clamp fitting method



Note: The movement of the mounting rail and clamps center line are recommended to be within the black arrow area

Figure 9: PV module installed at long and short side with Clamp fitting method

Module	Call type	Cell	Dimension(mm)									
type	pe Cell type quantity		A*B	J	K	М	N	Frame				
Group 2	6 inch Poly	6*24	1987*992 & 2000*992 & 2008*1002	50	240	400	480	40*35 & 35*35				
Group 4	6 inch Poly	6*20	1665*992 & 1684*1002	50	240	400	420	40*35 & 35*35				
Group 6	6 inch Mono	6*24	1987*992 & 2000*992 & 2008*1002	50	240	400	480	40*35				
Group 8	6 inch Mono	6*20	1665*992 & 1684*1002	50	240	400	420	40*35				

Table 8: Mechanical dimensions when modules installed at long and short sides with Clamp fitting method

3. Wiring and connection

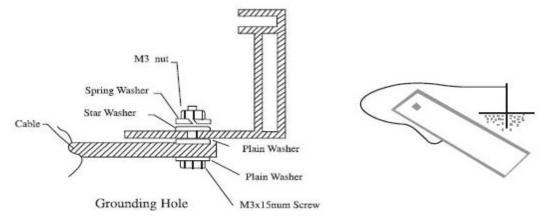
- a) Before this procedure, please read the operation instructions of the PV system carefully. Make wiring by Multi-connecting cables between the PV modules in series or parallel connection, which is determined by user's configuration requirement for system power, current and voltage.
- b) PV modules connected in series should have similar current, and modules must not be connected together to create a voltage higher than the permitted system voltage. The maximum number of modules in series depends on system design, the type of inverter used and environmental conditions.
- c) The maximum fuse rating value in an array string can be found on the product label or in the product datasheet. The fuse rating value is also corresponding to the maximum reverse current that a module can withstand, i.e. when one string is in shade then the other parallel strings of modules will be loaded by the shaded string and the current will pass through to create a current circuit. Based on the maximum series fuse rating of module



- and local electrical codes and standards, make sure the modules strings in parallel are protected with the appropriate in-line string fusing.
- d) Open the combiner box of the control system and connect the conductors from the PV arrays to the combiner box in accordance with he design and local codes and standards. The cross-sectional area and cable connector capacity must satisfy the maximum short-circuit of the PV system (for a single component, we recommended the cross-sectional area of cables be 4mm² and the rated current of connectors be more than 10A), otherwise cables and connectors will become overheated from large current. Please pay attention to the temperature limit of cables is 85℃.
- e) Jinko modules can be grounded using bolts. Attach the equipment grounding conductor to the module frame using the hole and hardware provided. Note that a stainless steel bolt is used between the ground wire and module frame as illustrated in following figure. This washer is used to avoid corrosion due to dissimilar metals. Tighten the screw securely. It is recommended that the applied torque is 2.3 to 2.8Nm.

	at tire dipprise terdere re											
Module	Moun	Mounting hardware configuration										
iviodule	Hardware	Material	Size	Number rovided								
	Bolt	Stainless steel	МЗ	2								
	Spring washer	Stainless steel	М3	2								
Group1~	Nut	Stainless steel	МЗ	2								
Group 12	Star washer	Stainless steel	МЗ	2								
	Plain washer	Stainless steel	М3	4								
	Screw	Stainless steel	М3	2								

The use of bolt grounding device is not allowed unless the grounding device is UL1703 or UL2703 certified with Jinko modules. Alternate grounding options built into the racking system are acceptable so long as they have been UL approved.

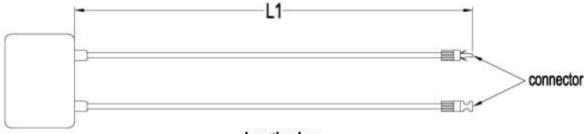


f) The following UL Listed Ground Clamp in combination with the following model number PV modules can be used. Other third party grounding method can't be used unless the grounding device is UL2703 certified with Jinko modules.



Model series	Grounding Clip						
IVIOGEI SEITES	Manufacturer	Type					
Group 1∼Group 12	Tyco Electronics Corp	1954381-1					

- g) Follow the requirements of applicable local and national electrical codes.
- h) These modules contain factory installed bypass diode. If these modules are incorrectly connected to each other, the bypass diodes, cable or junction box may be damaged.
- i) The module shall wire in accordance with the NEC, the grounding method of the frame of arrays shall comply with the NEC, article 250.
- j) CNL model shall be in accordance with CSA C22.1, Safety Standard for Electrical Installations, Canadian Electrical Code, Part 1.
- k) It is recommended that the M8 bolt be tightened to a torque of about 16~20N*m.
- I) The cable of the junction box is defined as L1, as showed below. For Jinko standard module, L1 is 900 /1200mm; and for customized module, L1 can be based on your condition, take the cable length into consideration before designing the wiring layout.



Junction box

m)Jinko Solar requires the negative grounding of the inverter when a system is installed with standard (non-Eagle line) PV solar modules. Alternatively, a 'charge-equalizing' device may be used to mitigate the effects of the Potential Induced Degradation (PID) phenomenon that can occur in specific environments that the array is installed in.

4. Maintenance and care

- a) A build up of dust or dirt on the module(s) front glass will result in a decreased energy output. Clean the module(s) preferably once annually if possible (depend on site conditions) using a soft cloth dry or damp, as necessary.
- b) Never use abrasive material under any circumstances.
- c) Examine the PV module(s) for signs of deterioration. Check all wiring for possible rodent damage, weathering and that all connections are tight and corrosion free. Check electrical leakage to ground.
- d) Check fixing screws/bolts and mounting brackets are tight, adjust and tighten as necessary.
- e) Check the junction box and diodes as well. If you have any diodes problem, please contact Jinko Solar.



- f) When cleaning the modules, it is not allowed to stand on the module. See below pictures shown, this is prohibited.
- g) Never use chemicals when cleaning modules as this may affect the module warranty and energy output.





5. Electrical specification

The module electrical rating are measured under Standard Test Conditions, which are 1000W/m^2 , irradiance with AM 1.5 spectrum and 25 deg (77°F) ambient temperature. The module might produce more or less voltage or current than rating value in uncertainty condition. Tables below are electrical characteristics of PV products at STC and the tolerance of lsc,Voc,Vmp and Imp is $\pm 10\%$.



5.1 Electrical Specifications – Group 1 & 2 – Polycrystalline Modules (Refer to 1.2 "Applicable Products" for specific module type).

	1											
Module Type					Gro	up 1 ar	nd Grou	ıp 2				
XXX =	250	255	260	265	270	275	280	285	290	295	300	305
Maximum Power at STC (Pmax, Wp)	250	255	260	265	270	275	280	285	290	295	300	305
Maximum Power Voltage (Vmp, V)	34.2	34.5	34.7	34.9	35.0	35.2	35.3	35.5	35.8	36.2	36.6	36.8
Maximum Power Current (Imp, A)	7.31	7.39	7.49	7.59	7.71	7.81	7.93	8.03	8.11	8.15	8.20	8.30
Open-circuit Voltage (Voc, V)	43.5	43.7	43.9	44.1	44.2	44.4	44.5	44.7	44.9	45.1	45.3	45.6
Short-circuit Current (Isc, A)	8.05	8.18	8.26	8.33	8.43	8.49	8.58	8.61	8.69	8.76	8.84	8.91
Maximum system Voltage						1500	VDC					
Dimensions	Lar	Normal PV module :1956x992x40mm (77.01×39.05 x1.57 inch) Large cell PV module :1979x1002x40mm (77.91 × 39.45 x1.57 inch) Half-cut PV module:1987x992x40mm (78.23×39.05 x1.57 inch) Large cell Half-cut PV module :2008x1002x40mm (79.06 × 39.45 x1.57 inch) Half-cut PV module:2000x992x40mm (78.74×39.05 x1.57 inch)										
Maximum series overcurrent protective device rating	20A											



Module Type				,	Group	1 and (Group 2	2				Group 2	
XXX =	310	315	320	325	330	335	340	345	350	355	360	365	370
Maximum Power at STC (Pmax, Wp)	310	315	320	325	330	335	340	345	350	355	360	365	370
Maximum Power Voltage (Vmp, V)	37.0	37.0 37.2 37.4 37.6 37.8 38 38.2 38.4 38.6 38.9 39.1										39.3	39.5
Maximum Power Current (Imp, A)	8.38	38 8.48 8.56 8.66 8.74 8.82 8.9 8.98 9.07 9.12 9.21 9.29 9.3											9.37
Open-circuit Voltage (Voc, V)	45.9	46.2	46.4	46.7	46.9	47.2	47.5	47.8	48	48.2	48.5	48.8	49.1
Short-circuit Current (Isc, A)	8.96	9.01	9.05	9.1	9.14	9.18	9.22	9.29	9.36	9.43	9.51	9.58	9.63
Maximum system Voltage							1500VE	С				,	
Dimensions		Normal PV module :1956x992x40mm (77.01×39.05 x1.57 inch) Large cell PV module :1979x1002x40mm (77.91 × 39.45 x1.57 inch) Half-cut PV module:1987x992x40mm (78.23×39.05 x1.57 inch) Large cell Half-cut PV module :2008x1002x40mm (79.06 × 39.45 x1.57 inch) Half-cut PV module:2000x992x40mm (78.74×39.05 x1.57 inch)											
Maximum series overcurrent protective device rating		Half-cut PV module:2000x992x40mm (78.74×39.05 x1.57 inch) 20A											



5.2 Electrical Specifications – Group 3 & 4 – Polycrystalline Modules (Refer to 1.2 "Applicable Products" for specific module type).

Module Type		Group 3 and Group 4										
XXX =	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240	245	250	255
Maximum Power at STC (Pmax, Wp)	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240	245	250	255
Maximum Power Voltage (Vmp, V)	28.2	28.4	28.6	28.8	29.0	29.2	29.4	29.6	29.8	30.1	30.5	30.8
Maximum Power Current (Imp, A)	7.09	7.22	7.34	7.47	7.59	7.71	7.82	7.94	8.06	8.14	8.20	8.28
Open-circuit Voltage (Voc, V)	35.3	35.5	35.8	36.1	36.3	36.6	36.8	37.0	37.3	37.5	37.7	38.0
Short-circuit Current (Isc, A)	8.09	8.18	8.25	8.31	8.41	8.48	8.56	8.65	8.71	8.76	8.85	8.92
Maximum system Voltage						1500	VDC					
Dimensions		Large Half- ge cell l Large Norr Half-	cell PV cut P\ Half-cu cell PV mal PV cut P\	modul / modu t PV m modul modul / modu	e :1669 le:1669 odule : e :1669 e :1650 le:1669	5x1002 5x992x 1684x1 5x1002 0x992x 5x992x	40mm x40mm 40mm 002x4 x35mm 35mm 35mm 002x3	0 (65.55) (65.55) 0mm (6 0 (65.55) (64.97) (65.55)	5 × 39.4 ×39.05 66.30 × 5 × 39.4 ×39.05 ×39.05	15 x1.5 x1.57 i 39.45 i 15 x1.3 x1.38 i x1.38 i	7 inch) inch) x1.57 ii 8 inch) nch)	ŕ
Maximum series overcurrent protective device rating		Large cell Half-cut PV module :1684x1002x35mm (66.30 × 39.45 x1.38 inch) 20A										



Module Type				Group	3 and G	Group 4				Gro	up 4
XXX =	260	265	270	275	280	285	290	295	300	305	310
Maximum Power at STC (Pmax, Wp)	260	265	270	275	280	285	290	295	300	305	310
Maximum Power Voltage (Vmp, V)	31.1	31.4	31.7	32.0	32.3	32.5	32.8	33.1	33.4	33.6	33.9
Maximum Power Current (Imp, A)	8.37	8.44	8.52	8.61	8.69	8.77	8.86	8.95	9.03	9.11	9.19
Open-circuit Voltage (Voc, V)	38.1	38.6	38.8	39.1	39.4	39.6	39.8	40.1	40.3	40.6	40.8
Short-circuit Current (Isc, A)	8.98	9.03	9.09	9.15	9.20	9.26	9.32	9.37	9.43	9.49	9.59
Maximum system Voltage					1	500VD(0				
Dimensions		Normal PV module :1650x992x40mm (64.97×39.05 x1.57 inch) Large cell PV module :1665x1002x40mm (65.55 × 39.45 x1.57 inch) Half-cut PV module:1665x992x40mm (65.55×39.05 x1.57 inch) Large cell Half-cut PV module :1684x1002x40mm (66.30 × 39.45 x1.57 inch) Large cell PV module :1665x1002x35mm (65.55 × 39.45 x1.38 inch) Normal PV module :1650x992x35mm (64.97×39.05 x1.38 inch) Half-cut PV module:1665x992x35mm (65.55×39.05 x1.38 inch)									
Maximum series overcurrent protective device rating	Large cell Half-cut PV module :1684x1002x35mm (66.30 × 39.45 x1.38 inch)										



5.3 Electrical Specifications – Group 5 & 6 – Polycrystalline Modules (Refer to 1.2 "Applicable Products" for specific module type).

Module Type					(Group	5 and C	Group 6	6				
XXX =	250	255	260	265	270	275	280	285	290	295	300	305	310
Maximum Power at STC (Pmax, Wp)	250	255	260	265	270	275	280	285	290	295	300	305	310
Maximum Power Voltage (Vmp, V)	34.8	35.0	35.3	35.6	35.9	36.1	36.3	36.5	36.7	36.8	37.0	37.2	37.4
Maximum Power Current (Imp, A)	7.18	7.29	7.37	7.44	7.52	7.62	7.71	7.81	7.90	8.02	8.11	8.20	8.29
Open-circuit Voltage (Voc, V)	43.4	43.6	43.9	44.1	44.4	44.6	44.8	45.0	45.2	45.3	45.5	45.7	45.9
Short-circuit Current (Isc, A)	7.84	7.92	7.99	8.07	8.15	8.23	8.32	8.40	8.47	8.55	8.64	8.72	8.80
Maximum System Voltage						1	500VD	С					
Dimensions	ı	Normal PV module :1956x992x40mm (77.01×39.05 x1.57 inch) Large cell PV module :1979x1002x40mm (77.91 × 39.45 x1.57 inch) Half-cut PV module:1987x992x40mm (78.23×39.05 x1.57 inch) Large cell Half-cut PV module :2008x1002x40mm (79.06 × 39.45 x1.57 inch) Half-cut PV module:2000x992x40mm (78.74×39.05 x1.57 inch)											
Maximum series overcurrent protective device rating							20A						



Module Type						Gı	oup 5	and Gro	oup 6					
XXX =	315	320	325	330	335	340	345	350	355	360	365	370	375	380
Maximum Power at STC (Pmax, Wp)	315	320	325	330	335	340	345	350	355	360	365	370	375	380
Maximum Power Voltage (Vmp, V)	37.6	37.8	38.0	38.2	38.4	38.7	38.9	39.1	39.3	39.5	39.7	39.9	40.2	40.5
Maximum Power Current (Imp, A)	8.38	8.47	8.55	8.64	8.72	8.79	8.87	8.94	9.04	9.12	9.20	9.28	9.33	9.39
Open-circuit Voltage (Voc, V)	46.1	46.3	46.5	46.7	46.9	47.1	47.3	47.5	47.8	48.0	48.2	48.5	48.7	48.9
Short-circuit Current (Isc, A)	8.87	8.95	9.03	9.11	9.18	9.24	9.31	9.38	9.45	9.51	9.57	9.61	9.68	9.75
Maximum system Voltage							150	00VDC						
Dimensions		Normal PV module :1956x992x40mm (77.01×39.05 x1.57 inch) Large cell PV module :1979x1002x40mm (77.91 × 39.45 x1.57 inch) Half-cut PV module:1987x992x40mm (78.23×39.05 x1.57 inch) Large cell Half-cut PV module :2008x1002x40mm (79.06 × 39.45 x1.57 inch) Half-cut PV module:2000x992x40mm (78.74×39.05 x1.57 inch)												
Maximum series overcurrent protective device rating								20A	,			,		



Module Type		Group 5 an	d Group 6		Gro	oup 6		
XXX =	385	390	395	400	405	410		
Maximum Power at STC (Pmax, Wp)	385	390	395	400	405	410		
Maximum Power Voltage (Vmp, V)	40.8	41.1	41.4	41.7	42.0	42.3		
Maximum Power Current (Imp, A)	9.44	9.49	9.55	9.6	9.65	9.69		
Open-circuit Voltage (Voc, V)	49.1	49.3	49.5	49.8	50.1	50.4		
Short-circuit Current (Isc, A)	9.92	10.12	10.23	10.36	10.48	10.60		
Maximum system Voltage			1500	VDC				
Dimensions	Large ce Half-c Large cell H	Normal PV module :1956x992x40mm (77.01×39.05 x1.57 inch) Large cell PV module :1979x1002x40mm (77.91 × 39.45 x1.57 inch) Half-cut PV module:1987x992x40mm (78.23×39.05 x1.57 inch) Large cell Half-cut PV module :2008x1002x40mm (79.06 × 39.45 x1.57 inch) Half-cut PV module:2000x992x40mm (78.74×39.05 x1.57 inch)						
Maximum series overcurrent protective device rating			20	·		·		



5.4 Electrical Specifications – Group 7 & 8 – Polycrystalline Modules (Refer to 1.2 "Applicable Products" for specific module type).

Module Type							Group 7	and C	aroup 8						
XXX =	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240	245	250	255	260	265	27 0
Maximum Power at STC (Pmax, Wp)	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240	245	250	255	260	265	27 0
Maximum Power Voltage (Vmp, V)	28.8	29.0	29.2	29.3	29.5	29.7	29.9	30.0	30.2	30.4	30.6	30.8	30.9	31.2	31. 4
Maximum Power Current (Imp, A)	6.94	7.07	7.19	7.34	7.46	7.57	7.69	7.83	7.95	8.06	8.17	8.28	8.42	8.50	8.6
Open-circuit Voltage (Voc, V)	36.5	36.6	36.7	36.8	36.9	37.0	37.1	37.2	37.3	37.4	37.6	37.8	37.9	38.2	38. 4
Short-circuit Current (Isc, A)	7.51	7.62	7.76	7.85	7.97	8.08	8.20	8.31	8.45	8.58	8.70	8.96	9.10	9.19	9.2 8
Maximum system Voltage							15	500VD(C						
Dimensions		Normal PV module :1650x992x40mm (64.97×39.05 x1.57 inch) Large cell PV module :1665x1002x40mm (65.55 × 39.45 x1.57 inch) Half-cut PV module:1665x992x40mm (65.55×39.05 x1.57 inch) Large cell Half-cut PV module :1684x1002x40mm (66.30 × 39.45 x1.57 inch) Large cell PV module :1665x1002x35mm (65.55 × 39.45 x1.38 inch) Normal PV module :1650x992x35mm (64.97×39.05 x1.38 inch) Half-cut PV module:1665x992x35mm (65.55×39.05 x1.38 inch) Large cell Half-cut PV module :1684x1002x35mm (66.30 × 39.45 x1.38 inch)													
Maximum series overcurrent protective device rating	20A														



Module Type					G	roup 7 a	and Gro	oup 8					Group 8	
XXX =	275	280	285	290	295	300	305	310	315	320	325	330	335	340
Maximum Power at STC (Pmax, Wp)	275	280	285	290	295	300	305	310	315	320	325	330	335	340
Maximum Power Voltage (Vmp, V)	31.6	31.8	32.0	32.2	32.4	32.6	32.8	33.0	33.2	33.4	33.6	33.8	34.0	34.2
Maximum Power Current (Imp, A)	8.70	8.81	8.90	9.02	9.10	9.21	9.30	9.4	9.49	9.59	9.68	9.77	9.87	9.96
Open-circuit Voltage (Voc, V)	38.5	38.6	38.7	39.5	39.7	40.1	40.3	40.5	40.7	40.9	41.1	41.3	41.5	41.7
Short-circuit Current (Isc, A)	9.40	9.49	9.51	9.55	9.61	9.72	9.83	9.92	10.0 4	10.1 5	10.2	10.31	10.3 6	10.5 5
Maximum system Voltage							150	00VDC						
Dimensions		Normal PV module :1650x992x40mm (64.97×39.05 x1.57 inch) Large cell PV module :1665x1002x40mm (65.55 × 39.45 x1.57 inch) Half-cut PV module:1665x992x40mm (65.55 × 39.05 x1.57 inch) Large cell Half-cut PV module :1684x1002x40mm (66.30 × 39.45 x1.57 inch) Large cell PV module :1665x1002x35mm (65.55 × 39.45 x1.38 inch) Normal PV module :1650x992x35mm (64.97×39.05 x1.38 inch) Half-cut PV module:1665x992x35mm (65.55×39.05 x1.38 inch) Large cell Half-cut PV module :1684x1002x35mm (66.30 × 39.45 x1.38 inch)												
Maximum series overcurrent protective device rating		20A												



6. Disclaimer of Liability

Because the use of the manual and the conditions or methods of installation, operation, use and maintenance of photovoltaic (pv) product are beyond Jinko's control, Jinko does not accept responsibility and expressly disclaims liability for loss, damage, or expense arising out of or in any way connected with such installation, operation, use or maintenance.

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Note				



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