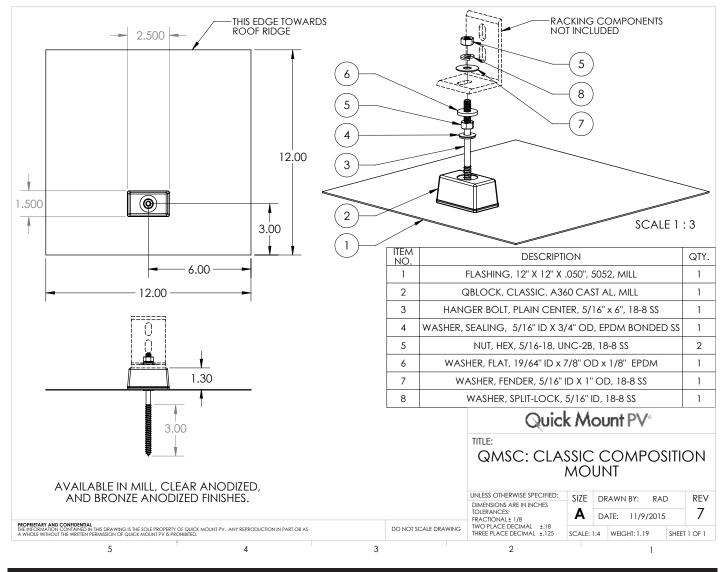
# Classic Composition Mount | QMSC



#### Lag pull-out (withdrawal) capacities (lbs) in typical lumber:

Jouglas Fir, South  .46  705  235    Engelmann Spruce, Lodgepole Pine (MSR 1650 f & higher)  .46  705  235    Hem, Fir  .43  636  212    Hem, Fir (North)  .46  705  235    Southern Pine  .45  921  307    Spruce, Pine, Fir  .42  615  205					
And Compared and Comp		Lag Bolt Specif	Lag Bolt Specifications		
Douglas Fir, South		Specific Gravity	5/16" shaft per 3" thread depth	5/16" shaft per 1" thread depth	
Add  705  235    tem, Fir  .43  636  212    tem, Fir (North)  .46  705  235    tem, Fir (North)  .46  705  235    southern Pine  .55  921  307    spruce, Pine, Fir  .42  615  205	Douglas Fir, Larch	.50	798	266	
Adm, Fir  A3  636  212    Hem, Fir (North)  .46  705  235    Southern Pine  .55  921  307    Spruce, Pine, Fir  .42  615  205	Douglas Fir, South	.46	705	235	
Hem, Fir (North)  .46  705  235    Southern Pine  .55  921  307    Spruce, Pine, Fir  .42  615  205	Engelmann Spruce, Lodgepole Pine (MSR 1650 f & higher)	.46	705	235	
Southern Pine  .55  921  307    Spruce, Pine, Fir  .42  615  205	Hem, Fir	.43	636	212	
Spruce, Pine, Fir  .42  615  205	Hem, Fir (North)	.46	705	235	
	Southern Pine	.55	921	307	
pruce, Pine, Fir (E of 2 million psi and higher grades of MSR and MEL) .50 798 266	Spruce, Pine, Fir	.42	615	205	
	Spruce, Pine, Fir (E of 2 million psi and higher grades of MSR and MEL)	.50	798	266	

Sources: American Wood Council, NDS 2005, Table 11.2 A, 11.3.2 A

#### Notes:

1) Thread must be embedded in a rafter or other structural roof member.

2) See NDS Table 11.5.1C for required edge distances.



# **Classic Composition Mounting Instructions**

**Installation Tools Required:** tape measure, roofing bar, chalk line, stud finder, caulking gun, sealant compatible with roofing materials, drill with 7/32" long-style bit, drill or impact gun with 1/2" deep socket.

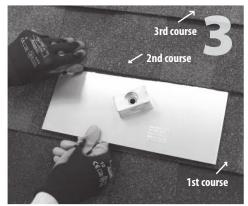
### WARNING: Quick Mount PV products are NOT designed for and should NOT be used to anchor fall protection equipment.



Locate, choose, and mark centers of rafters to be mounted. Select the courses of shingles where mounts will be placed.



Carefully lift composition roof shingle with roofing bar, just above placement of mount. Remove nails as required. See "Proper Flashing Placement" on next page.



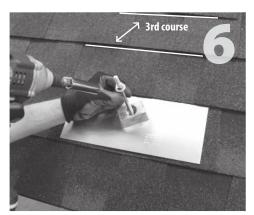
Insert flashing between 1st and 2nd course. Slide up so top edge of flashing is at least 3/4" higher than the drip edge of the 3rd course and lower flashing edge is above the drip edge of 1st course. Mark center for drilling.



Using drill with 7/32" bit, drill pilot hole into roof and rafter, taking care to drill square to the roof. Do not use mount as a drill guide. Drill should be 'long style bit' aka 'aircraft extension bit' to drill a 3" deep hole into rafter.



Clean off any sawdust, and fill hole with sealant compatible with roofing materials.



Slide flashing into position. Prepare hanger bolt with hex nut and sealing washer. Insert into hole and drive hanger bolt until QBlock stops rotating easily. **Do NOT over torque.** 



Insert EPDM rubber washer over hanger bolt into block.

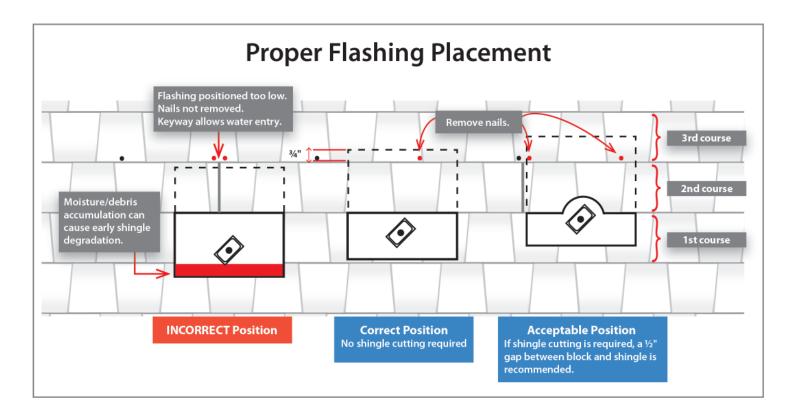


Using the rack kit hardware, secure the racking (L-foot) to the mount using torque specs from racking manufacturer. If racking manufacturer does not specify torque setting, tighten to 13 ft.-lbs.

You are now ready for the rack of your choice. Follow all the directions of the rack manufacturer as well as the module manufacturer.

All roofing manufacturers' written instructions must also be followed by anyone modifying a roof system. Please consult the roof manufacturer's specs and instructions prior to touching the roof.

## **Reference and Tips**



### Additional tips and information for installing mounts:

- See Classic Composition Mount install and Quick Tips videos on nail removal, bolt prep, and more at: www.quickmountpv.com/support/videos.html
- It is not necessary or advisable to use nails or other fasteners to secure the perimeter of the flashing.
- The Classic Composition Mount is made to work with standard and high-definition composition/ asphalt and wood shingle roofs with 5" to 5-5/8" courses. If the exposed surface of the course exceeds this measurement you may need to use our Classic Shake Mount instead.
- Depending on the season and climate, size and location of seal tabs, and quality of the shingles, the seal tabs that adhere the shingle courses together may not effectively seal the shingles to the flashings. If this is the case, simply add several quarter-sized dabs of manufacturer accepted sealant or asphalt roofing cement, meeting ASTM D 4586 Type II, between the flashing and the shingle above.
- Mounts should not be installed in areas of the roof susceptible to ice damming. Water ponding under the shingles can reach the bolt penetration.
- Take care not to damage the roofing material while working on the roof. Removing stone granules and deforming the shingles in any way can shorten the lifespan of the roofing. The value of the solar array is directly affected by the condition of the roof it is attached to.

Quick Mount PV<sup>®</sup>

925-478-8269 | www.quickmountpv.com | info@quickmountpv.com 2700 Mitchell Dr., Bldg 2 | Walnut Creek, CA 94598